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MACARTHUR FIGHTS AGAIN

Attacks Rebel Stronghold in the Midst of Floods.

Aguinaldo Makes a Plea for European Recognition—This Move Does Not Worry the Washington Authorities.

Washington, August 9.—General Otis confirms the report of a battle at San Fernando in the following cablegram:

Manila, August 9.—Adjutant-General, Washington: MacArthur with four thousand men attacked insurgent army, six thousand strong, concentrated around San Fernando 5:15 this morning. At 10 o'clock a. m. had driven it five miles in direction of Angeles. Casualties few. Attack ordered for seventh instant; rain did not permit movement. Railway from Angeles north badly washed by unprecedented floods of last six weeks, beyond ability of insurgents to repair.

Philippines Ask Recognition.

Manila, August 8, 4:50 p. m.—Aguinaldo has appealed to the powers for recognition of "Filipino independence" in a document dated from Iarlag, July 27th, and signed by Buenacampo. It has been received by all the foreign Consuls in Manila with the request that they forward it to their respective governments.

The Filipinos use their old argument that they had conquered these islands from Spain before the beginning of the treaty of Paris, and therefore Spain was in no position to cede them to the United States. They argue that the possession of the 7000 Spanish prisoners, captured with their arms, fighting against the Filipinos, is eloquent proof of the nullity of the Spanish sovereignty, as when they surrendered Spain's hold was irrevocably lost.

The document then says: Reply to the Spanish Commission's request to release the prisoners because Spain no longer has political interests in the islands, we asked for a treaty of peace and friendship between Spain and the Filipinos whereby the prisoners would be released. But the Commission refused, because it would mean recognition of our independence. This is equivalent to saying that the prisoners must stay in our hands indefinitely because their possession is our most efficacious method of adjusting our account with Spain and obtain from her recognition of independence.

The Filipinos claim that they conquered all the country except Manila, and that they co-operated in securing the latter's capitulation by surrounding it at the cost of thousands of lives.

Finally the Filipinos appeal to the powers to influence Washington to bring a termination to "the unjust war which is devastating the country."

Washington, August 8.—The State Department is entirely without information as to the address by Aguinaldo to foreign powers for recognition of the Filipinos either as belligerents or as constituting an independent government. The appeal is looked upon, however, as creating no particular change, as it has been the desire of Aguinaldo and associates from the first to secure recognition. There is no idea here that any foreign government will heed the address.

Atkinson Goes to Washington.

Alatau T. Atkinson received today his commission as Special Agent of the Census Bureau for Hawaii. The department asks that Mr. Atkinson proceed to Washington as soon as possible to confer with the department and receive instructions. Mr. Atkinson will probably go to Washington the first of September.

RETURN OF PROF. KOEBELE

Has Been in California Two Months Hunting Beneficial Parasites.

Will Leave for Suva, Fiji, in a Fortnight—From There He Will Go to Australia—Other Notes of the Trip.

After an absence of about two months Prof. Koebele, expert entomologist, returned from San Francisco in the Moana last evening. He will remain here about a fortnight and will then proceed to Suva, Fiji, to look for a destroyer of the cane-borer and to Australia to look for parasites and plants for the islands. He cannot tell how long he will be down in that direction. This will all depend on what can be found there. In a short talk with Prof. Koebele this morning he had the following to say about his recent trip to the States:

"I have been in California during the whole time and can say that my trip was very successful. My principal work was the searching out of parasites for the destruction of the cabbage butterfly and other destructive insects. The Eastern states have furnished some very valuable parasites but in California I found most of those I was after."

"I might mention here the tachina fly that lives on various caterpillars and cut-worms. Of course, you understand that these will not absolutely wipe out the cabbage butterfly but it will certainly keep it down successfully."

"Hymenopterous wasps so valuable in the destruction of certain insect pests, are also in my possession."

"I also have with me a lot of salamanders which I shall turn loose in the taro patches here. As you know, they are intended for eating worms. A short time ago W. C. Wilder gave me several specimens of worms found in the taro on the islands. This worm is of recent appearance and has not yet been classified. I have no idea where they came from. I can say, however, that these salamanders will do the work of destroying the worms if anything will."

"There is still another purpose these salamanders will serve. They will undoubtedly destroy the larvae of the mosquitoes. This certainly should be hailed with joy by Honolulu public."

"The parasites I sent down by steamer before me have already been freed. Those brought by me in the Moana will be freed to day and tomorrow."

MORE OPIUM.

P. Fors, a quartermaster of the Gaelic, attempted to get through the gate of the Pacific Mail wharf last night with two tins of opium.

Guard Jones halted him but the fellow attempted to get away. Jones made a jump, grabbed the man by the collar and held him thus until assistance arrived. Fors was then removed to the police station and this morning he appeared before Judge Wilcox.

Fors put up a story about some one else leaving the tins in his room. This story was listened to patiently by Judge Wilcox who then proceeded to fine Fors \$150 and costs, saying at the same time that probably some of the good people in town would pay if defendant would promise to "squal."

Looking over in the direction of the Custom House officers Judge Wilcox remarked that if they kept on making arrests they would probably be promoted and sent to Mahukona, Kaunakakai or some other important station.

Latest Sugar Market.

New York, August 9.—Sugar raw, firm; fair refining 4c; centrifugal 96 test 4 9/16c; molasses sugar, 3 7/8c.

DREYFUS FACES ACCUSERS

Famous Re-Trial Opens Its Session in Rennes.

Captain Asserts His Innocence—Public Is Kept From Many Sessions—Special Precaution for Protection of Prisoner.

Rennes, France, August 7.—The Dreyfus court martial adjourned after deciding to sit behind closed doors tomorrow, and as many of the following days as are necessary for the examination of the secret dossier. The next public session of the court will probably take place on Saturday.

Every inch of space was filled a quarter of an hour before the proceedings opened this morning. Behind the members of the court sat the supplementary Judges, who must attend all sittings, and be able to replace any member who may fall ill or otherwise be unable to be present. Behind the supplementary Judges were a few privileged members of the public.

There were subdued cries of "Sit down," amid which the door opened and Captain Dreyfus preceded and followed by a gendarme, emerged into the courtroom. His features were deathly pale, and his teeth were set with a determined, but not defiant bearing.

He walked quietly with almost an elastic step, and ascended the three steps leading to the platform in front of the Judges. There he drew himself up erect, brought his right hand sharply to the peak of his military cap, giving the military salute, showing that his years of incarceration and terrible anguish of body and mind had not impaired his soldierly instinct and bearing.

The prisoner then removed his kepi and took the seat placed for him facing the Judges, just in front of his counsel's table, and with his back to the audience. Behind him sat a gendarme, holding a sheathed sabre in his hand.

Dreyfus, in a new uniform of Captain of artillery, dark blue with red facings, fixedly regarded the Judges with immovable features, and without stirring hand or foot, scarcely even moving his head during the whole proceedings.

On the Court proceeding to the roll call of witnesses, the most notable absentee being Esterhazy, Du Paty de Clam and Mlle. Pays.

After the Court had decided not to adjourn on account of the absence of certain witnesses, the clerk was ordered to read M. d'Ormes Cheville's bill of indictment of 1894, which he did in a loud voice. Dreyfus in the meanwhile listening unmoved as the old charges against him were read.

Colonel Joussert then handed the prisoner a long slip of card board, upon which the bordereau was pasted.

"Do you recognize this document?"

Dreyfus replied with a passionate outburst: "No, my Colonel, I am innocent. I declare here as I declared it in 1894. I am a victim." His voice here was choked with sobs, which must have stirred every spectator in the court. The voice of the prisoner did not seem human. It recalled the cry of a wounded animal. He ended his reply with the words, "Five years in the galleys! my wife! my children! My God, I am innocent! innocent!"

Rennes, France, August 9.—The secret session of the Dreyfus court martial today lasted from 6:30 a. m. to 11:45 a. m.

General Chanocle nearly completed his part of the examination of the dossier. He will be heard tomorrow for about a couple of hours and then M. Paleologue, of the Foreign Office, will take up

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WITH CABINET MINISTERS

Matters Discussed at This Morning's Session and Their Disposition.

Mr. Wall Speaks About Proposition of W. R. Castle—Mr. Dillingham Present for O. R. & L. Company.

There was a very short session of the Executive Council this forenoon.

Walter Wall of the Survey Department reported on the proposition of W. R. Castle to exchange a strip of four acres of Tantalus property for 3.42 acres in the Makiki forest reserve, stating that the land sought after by Mr. Castle was worth twice as much as the Tantalus property. Mr. Castle will therefore have to make another proposition. No action in the matter was taken.

B. F. Dillingham was present at the meeting for the purpose of presenting to the Government the proposition of the O. R. & L. dealing with the acquisition of certain government land in Waianae and Nankuli for railroad purposes. As the map of Nankuli has not been finished it was decided to let this matter rest until such map could be obtained.

In regard to the Waianae land the government felt unable to grant the whole as it takes in the seashore in one place and, in another, the right of way that leads to a small promontory that may be required by the United States government in the future for naval purposes.

In speaking of the proposition to send a representative to Washington, President Dole said this morning that the matter had been settled weeks ago. The discussion at yesterday's meeting was in reference to a suitable man for the position. No decision was arrived at and it will come up for future consideration.

Trolley Through a Trestle.

Bridgeport, Conn., August 6.—A trolley containing upward of forty people bound for Shelton, Conn., went over a trestle fifty feet high at Peek's mill stream, about five miles from this city, at 3:13 this afternoon, and thirty dead bodies were taken from the ravine. It is not known how many escaped, but it is probable that very few got away with their lives. Some say there were as many as fifty on the car, others placing the number as forty-two. The indicator was removed by a conductor of another car and spirited away, so that at present it is impossible to state accurately the number aboard.

A Quilt for a Present.

A native was sentenced to three months' imprisonment as hard labor in the Police Court this forenoon on the charge of malicious injury, he having torn a quilt and several articles of apparel belonging to his wife. In passing sentence Judge Wilcox said: "Of course you understand that you can appeal if you want to. Very probably you will be presented with a quilt up above."

Line Parted.

As the Aloha was being towed in the channel by the Iwalandi this morning the line parted and she was left to her own devices for a short time.

However, the captain of the Iwalandi was very quick and in a short time, had hold of the Aloha again. She was then towed safely into the harbor.

Marchand's New Task.

Paris, August 9.—The Evening post today says it understands that Major Marchand has been offered the post of Governor of the French settlement on the Somali coast and envoy extraordinary to King Menelik of Abyssinia.

CHAMBERLAIN WON'T CAVE

Colonial Secretary Speaks Plainly of Transvaal Matter.

Additional Troops Ordered to South Africa—British Interest at the Cape Threatened—Protected at All Costs.

London, Aug 9.—Replying to various questions in the House of Commons today Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, said no official confirmation had been received of the report that the Transvaal had declined to agree to a joint inquiry into the effect which the franchise reforms will have on the outlanders. Several regiments, he added, were about to be despatched to South Africa for the defense of Natal, in response to the request of the Natal Government, and preparation was being made for all contingencies.

Later, replying to Mr. T. P. O'Connor, Irish Nationalist, member for the Scotland division of Liverpool, Mr. Chamberlain, deprecated a resumption of the debate on the Transvaal situation, which, he pointed out, while serious, still remains doubtful.

The colonial secretary added that the sincerely hoped that the report saying the inquiry proposal had been rejected was untrue. While he regretted the necessity of answering Mr. O'Connor, it would be a fatal mistake to allow the latter's views that a war was entirely needless, and that the Government ought to express willingness to wait, may be twenty-five years, for a redress of the grievances of which they complained, to be considered.

He added: "The representative opinions of even the small minority in the House of Commons or anything but the most insignificant minority in the United Kingdom, on the Government's policy, have been clearly expressed. We recognized the grievances of the Outlanders and have said that these grievances are not merely themselves a serious cause for interposition, but are a source of danger to the whole of South Africa. We say our predominance is a menace by the action of the Transvaal in refusing to redress the grievances or give consideration to requests hitherto put in the most moderate language of suzerain power. We say that this state of things cannot be tolerated. We have put our hands to the plough and won't draw back. With that statement I propose to rest content."

The additional troops ordered to be in readiness for the transportation to South Africa include a battalion of the Grenadier Guards and three batteries of artillery.

MARRIED.

FULLER-ANDREWS—In Honolulu at noon Aug. 16, 1899, Lieutenant Philip Andrews, U. S. N., and Miss Clara M. Fuller, daughter of Capt. Andrew Fuller.

To Excommunicate a Church.

St. Louis, Mo., August 6.—Any of the 1200 members of St. Patrick's Church, East St. Louis, or of the Parish of Belleville, who by deed or word, prevent or attempt to prevent Father Close's entry to St. Patrick's Church after noon next Wednesday will be excommunicated. This is the text of a letter by Bishop Janssen, which was read in the Catholic churches in East St. Louis today.

Californians Leave Nagasaki.

Nagasaki, August 9.—The transport Sherman with the California Regiment on board, sails from here this afternoon. The Sherman will require sixteen days at least to make the trip to San Francisco. Scheduled for Farallones.

PARLIAMENT PROROGUED

The Queen Speaks Pleasantly of the Peace Conference.

At Peace With the World—British Subjects in the Transvaal Not Treated With Proper Consideration.

London, August 9.—Parliament was prorogued this afternoon at 2 o'clock by royal commission. The House of Lords met and summoned Commons to the bar and the proceedings terminated with the reading of the Queen's speech.

The Queen's speech contained the following statements:

"My Lords and Gentlemen: Relations with the other powers continue friendly."

"The conference summoned by the Emperor of Russia to consider measures for promoting the maintenance of peace has completed its sittings. Although the result of its deliberations did not fully correspond with the lofty aims which it was summoned to accomplish, it has met with a considerable measure of success. The institution of a permanent tribunal of arbitration cannot fail to diminish the frequency of war, while the extension of the Geneva convention will mitigate its horrors."

After a reference to the conclusion of the Anglo-French convention on the subject of the Nile valley and the Anglo-Russian convention in regard to the railway enterprises in China, the speech continued:

"We have received a petition from a considerable number of subjects residing in the South African Republic, praying my assistance to obtain a removal of grievances and disabilities which they complain. The position of my subjects in the South African Republic is inconsistent with the promise of equal treatment whereon my grant of internal independence to that republic was founded, and the unrest caused thereby is a constant source of danger to peace and prosperity of my dominions in South Africa. Republic have been entered into and are still proceeding."

South American Alliance.

Rio de Janeiro, August 9.—In spite of denials on the subject, it is said that President Roos, of the Argentine Republic, who is now here as the guest of Brazil, is desirous of negotiating an alliance between Argentine, Brazil and Chile against the United States. The presidents of these republics will meet at Buenos Ayres next month.

Accident to Excursionists.

Bar Harbor, Me., August 6.—By the breaking of a gangway on the Maine Central Railroad dock, at Mount Desert Ferry, across the bay from Bar Harbor, 150 people were dropped into deep water today and thirty of them were drowned. Twenty bodies have already been recovered.

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

DR. PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER

Highest Honors, World's Fair Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair Avoid Baking Powders containing alum. They are injurious to health.